D-156
P-CDOP

**OPIOID ANTAGONIST**

Under Public Act 103-0348, all schools are required to keep a supply of an opioid antagonist on hand in any secure location where an individual may have an opioid overdose. If there is a shortage of opioid antagonists available, each school shall make a reasonable effort to maintain a supply of an opioid antagonist.

Adopted 3/2024

D-156
AR-OCS

**OPIOID ANTAGONIST**

A school nurse or school personnel may administer an opioid antagonist:

* While in the school building;
* While attending a school-sponsored activity; or
* Before or after normal school activities on school property.

A school nurse or school personnel shall utilize the school’s supply of an opioid antagonist if they believe in good faith that the person is having an opioid overdose. Upon any administration of an opioid antagonist, the school shall immediately notify the student’s parent or emergency contact. School personnel shall also submit an incident report to the principal whenever an opioid antagonist is used. Within 24 hours after the administration of an opioid antagonist, the school shall also notify the health care professional who provided the prescription for the opioid antagonist of its use.

The school shall notify parents in writing that in accordance with Public Act 103-0348, the school and its personnel incur no liability for injuries occurring when administering an opioid antagonist, except for willful and wanton misconduct. Each parent shall sign a statement acknowledging this immunity, which will be retained on file in the school office.

Whenever a school nurse or school personnel administers an opioid antagonist to a student whom they believe is having an opioid overdose, even in the absence of a signed statement from the parent acknowledging no liability, the school and its employees and agents, including the health professional providing the standing protocol or prescription for an opioid antagonist, shall incur no liability except for willful and wanton misconduct as a result of any injury arising from the use of an opioid antagonist.

Each year, the principal shall ensure that school personnel receive appropriate training in opioid overdose reversal.

Adopted 3/2024